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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/575,983	04/17/2006	Matthew Glen Wheeler	35010148US	8458
32827 7590 01/15/2009 THE OLLILA LAW GROUP LLC 2060 BROADWAY SUITE 300 BOULDER, CO 80302			EXAMINER NGHIEM, MICHAEL P	
			ART UNIT 2863	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 01/15/2009	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/575,983

Applicant(s)

WHEELER ET AL.

Examiner

MICHAEL P. NGHIEM

Art Unit

2863

Period for Reply -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 December 2008.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-21, 25 and 27-29 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 22-24, 26 and 30-33 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____

- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action supplements the prior Office Action dated January 5, 2009.

The Amendment filed on December 18, 2008 has been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1, 3/1, 4, and 6-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

The method is not tied to another statutory class (such as a particular apparatus) or transforms an underlying subject matter (such as an article or material). Thus, the method is not a patent eligible process under 35 USC 101 and is directed to non-statutory subject matter. See *In re Bilski*, Appeal No. 2007-1130.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, 9, 11-13, 17-21, 25, and 27-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Patten (US 6,092,409) in view of Answers.com ("Damping").

Regarding claims 1 and 17, Patten et al. discloses a method and system for validating a flow calibration factor of a flow meter (Abstract, lines 1-2), comprising:

- determining an initial oscillation period (step 901) of a component of said flow meter (via 901);
- determining a current oscillation period of said component (via 403);
- comparing said initial oscillation period to said current oscillation period (step 902);
- detecting a calibration error condition responsive to comparing said initial oscillation period to said current oscillation (column 5, lines 9-12).

Regarding claims 2 and 18, Patten et al. discloses signaling said calibration error condition (step 904).

Regarding claims 3 and 19, Patten et al. discloses correcting said flow calibration factor responsive to said calibration error condition being detected (column 10, lines 28-30).

Regarding claims 4 and 20, Patten et al. discloses said oscillation periods are determined by solving a single degree of freedom model (measurement of oscillation, column 1, lines 34-35, using sensors, column 1, lines 42-46).

Regarding claims 5 and 21, Patten et al. discloses said single degree of freedom model is solved using a method comprising the steps of: applying a known force to said flow meter component (column 1, lines 34-35); measuring a resultant deflection of said flow meter component (sensors measure motion, column 1, lines 42-44); and determining said oscillation period responsive to said force and deflection (column 2, lines 33-35).

Regarding claims 9 and 25, Patten et al. discloses said oscillation periods are determined by solving a multiple degree of freedom model (determine period of oscillation based on flow calibration factor and density, column 2, lines 58-62).

Regarding claims 11 and 27, Patten et al. discloses said calibration error is corrected using coefficient estimation techniques (column 9, lines 37-41).

Regarding claims 12 and 28, Patten et al. discloses said calibration error is corrected using multi-fluid calibration techniques (column 10, lines 28-30; Fig. 3).

Regarding claims 13 and 29, Patten et al. discloses said calibration error is corrected using trending techniques (using proportion of change, column 10, lines 28-30).

However, regarding claims 1 and 17, Pattern does not disclose determining/comparing the flexural stiffness of the flowmeter component.

Nevertheless, as discussed above, Pattern discloses determining the oscillation periods (or displacements) of the flow tube (see column 5, lines 2-12). Answers.com discloses a relationship between the oscillation frequency/period and the stiffness (see damping, paragraph 3).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to derive the stiffness from the oscillation period of Pattern as disclosed by Answers.com for the purpose of determining a physical characteristic of the flow tube. Thus, more tangible information about the flow tube is obtained.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 22-24, 26, and 30-33 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Reasons For Allowance

The **combination** as claimed wherein said single degree of freedom model is solved using a method comprising means for determining a receptance transfer function, calculating an inverse receptance frequency response, and determining said flexural stiffnesses responsive to said frequency response (claim 22) or said single degree of freedom model is solved using a method comprising means for identifying constants, applying a transfer function model to a complex frequency response, converting said transfer function from a mobility form to a response form, extracting modal parameters from said transfer function, and calculating flexural stiffnesses responsive to said modal parameters (claim 23) or means for generating a response model of said flow meter structure, converting said response model to a modal model, converting said modal model into a spatial model, and determining said flexural stiffness from said spatial model (claim 26) is not disclosed, suggested, or made obvious by the prior art of record.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on December 18, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to the 35 USC 102 rejections of claims 1 and 17, Applicants argue that the Patten reference does not qualify as prior art against the present application. Per 35 U.S.C. 103(c)(1), "[s]ubject matter developed by another person, which qualifies a prior art only under one or more of subsections (e), (f), and (g) of [35 U.S.C.] 102..., shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the claimed invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person." Consequently, the Patten reference does not qualify as prior art and cannot be used against the present patent application.

However, Examiner notes that 35 USC 103(c)(1) only applies to subsections (e), (f), and (g) and not subsection (b) of [35 U.S.C.] 102. Pattern qualifies as prior art under 35 USC 102(b). Thus, the Patten reference qualifies as prior art under 35 USC 103(c)(1).

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-5, 9, 11-13, 17-21, 25, and 27-29 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Nghiem whose telephone number is (571) 272-2277. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Drew Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-2312. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Michael P. Nghiem/

Primary Examiner, GAU 2863

January 6, 2009